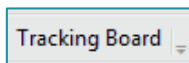


The tracking board is utilized on the inpatient unit to allow for a quick view of vital patient information regarding the patient on the labor and delivery units. In the ambulatory setting, the tracking board will be utilized to view inpatient activity to aid in patient care.

Tracking Board

➤ Accessing the Tracking Board

- From the toolbar, select Tracking Board.



➤ Features of the Tracking Board



- There are various tabs that are viewable depending on your Member Organization.
 - Tabs available may include LDRP, Labor and Delivery, Newborn, Postpartum, Recently Discharged, and All Beds.

S	Bed	MFTI	Name	G P EGA	DII/EI/Sta	Status ROM	Color	RN	NR	Provider	Covering	GBS	Epidural	MAR A	Lab	Activities	PPH	SD	Communication	Comment
	L001.01	5	Schedu TESTING, EGATRAC 1*	0*		Spontal Clear*				TESTING, EMMC		Negative*	Discontin							

• Common columns displayed:

- S: Room and Patient Status
 - Status': Assigned, Unassigned, Hold, Dirty, Housekeeping Clean, etc.
- MFTI: Maternal Fetal Triage Index
 - Level 1 = Stat
 - Level 2 = Urgent
 - Level 3 = Prompt
 - Level 4 = Non-Urgent
 - Level 5 = Scheduled/Requesting Service
- Status: Provides the status of where the patient is located during their care.
- PPH: Displays the patient's risks for Post-Partum Hemorrhage.
 - Green indicates that the patient is a low risk.
 - Red indicates that the patient is a high risk.
- SD: Identifies if the patient is at risk of Shoulder Dystocia.
- Communication: icons based on events that are pertinent to the patient's care.
 - Events: HIV Positive, Car Seat Check, Discharge, Fetal/Neo Demise, Multiples, Neo Provider Needed, No Visitors, Rubella, Baby in NICU, Isolation, Gestational Diabetes and Late Prenatal Care.

